

Smart Grid Metrology: how measurements keep our society up and running

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The gateway to Europe's integrated metrology community.



SI Unit



Environment



Energy



Fundamental



Health

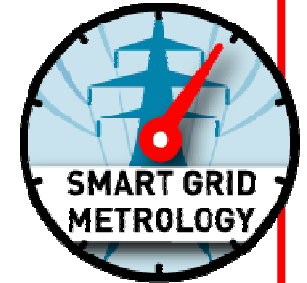


Industry



30+ projects, each 3.5 M€

- Smart Grids (4x)
- Smart meters
- HV testing
- HVDC
- Transformer efficiency
- Power plants (3x)
- Biofuels, biogas
- Multiphase flow, viscosity fluids
- LNG (3x)
- Solid State Lighting (2x)
- PV (3x)
- Materials: thin films, composites



Energy Strategic Research Agenda

EMRP
European Metrology Research Programme
• Programme of EURAMET



The EMRP is jointly funded by the EMRP participating countries within EURAMET and the European Union

EMPIR  

The EMPIR initiative is co-funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme and the EMPIR Participating States

Greatest 20th Century Engineering Achievements

1. The Grid / Electrification

2. Automobile

3. Airplane

4. Water supply

5. Electronics

6. Radio & Television

7. Agricultural
Mechanization

8. Computers

9. Telephone

10. Air conditioning /
Refrigeration

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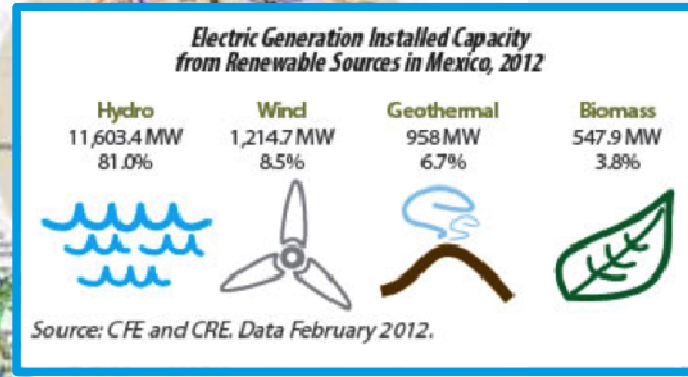
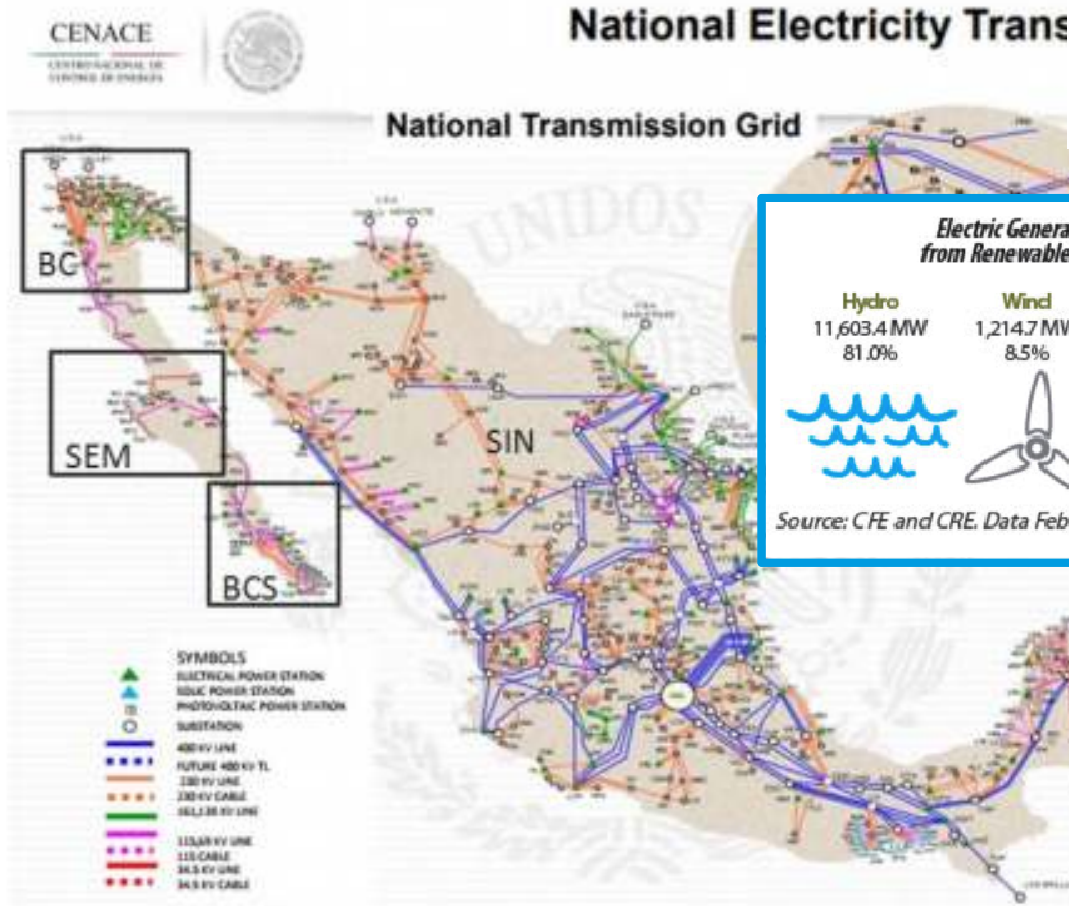
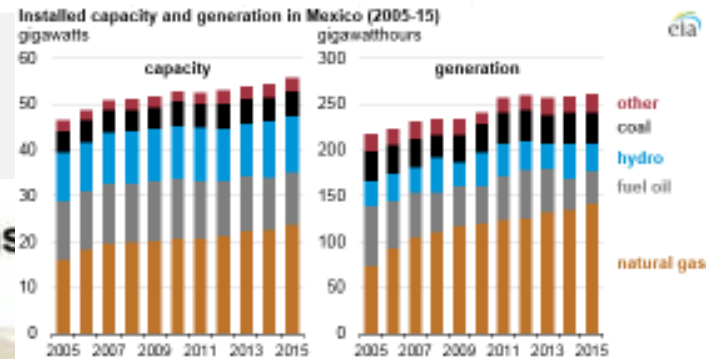
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The Mexican Electricity Grid

Transición Energética



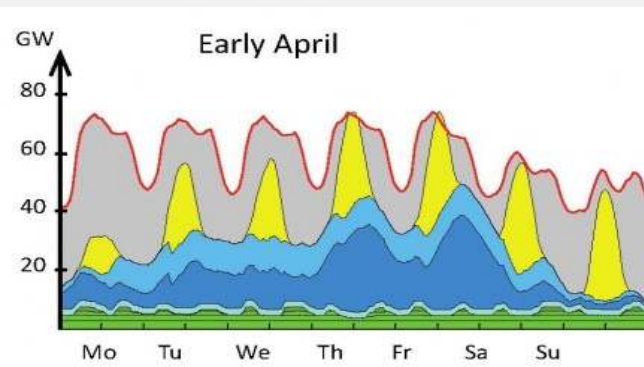
60 MW (2013)
2000 MW (2018)



The Energy Transition

20/20/20 aims EU for 2020:

- 20 % reduction CO₂ emission
- 20 % renewable energy
- 20 % less energy (efficiency)



⇒ Major impact on the grids

- Two-way power flows – prosumers
- Complex, highly variable loads
- Renewable energy: highly variable, not fully predictable

Demand what is produced

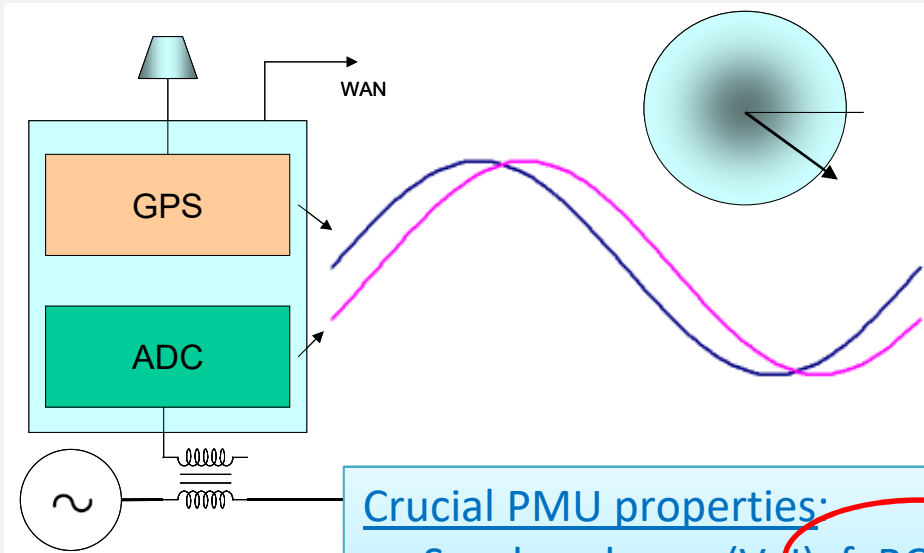
⇒ **Metrology:** security & quality of supply via better measurements

Patient: heart beat frequency



60 beats/min

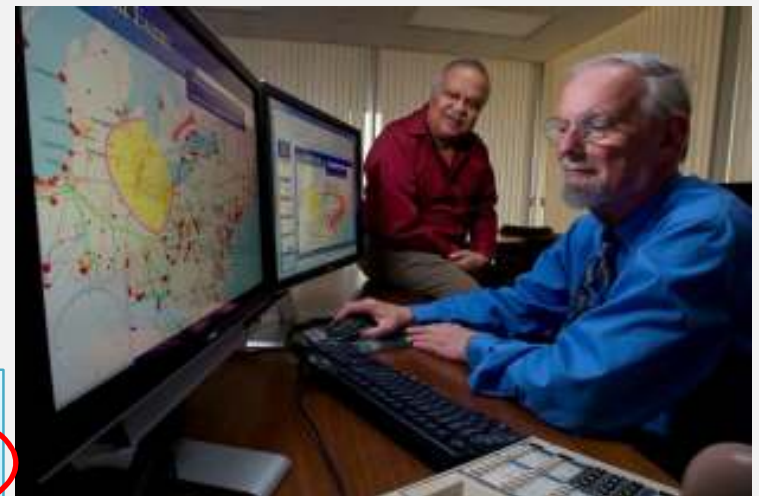
PMU: grid heart beat monitor



Crucial PMU properties:

- Synchrophasor (V, I), f, ROCOF
- Fast (up to 60 readings/s)
- Accurate (< 1 %)

Inventors: Arun Phadke & James Thorp
1988, Virginia Tech, US

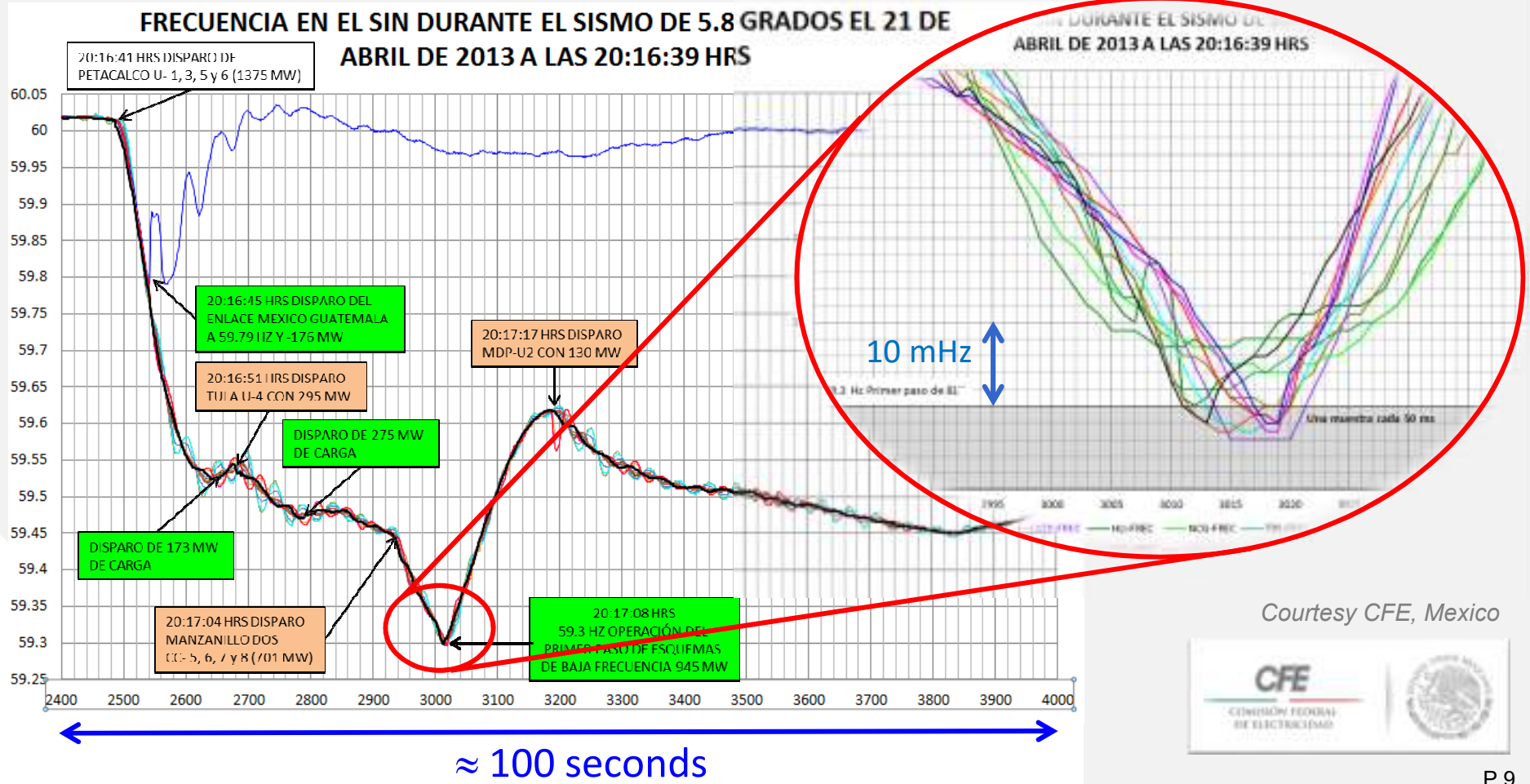


Dutch Metrology Institute

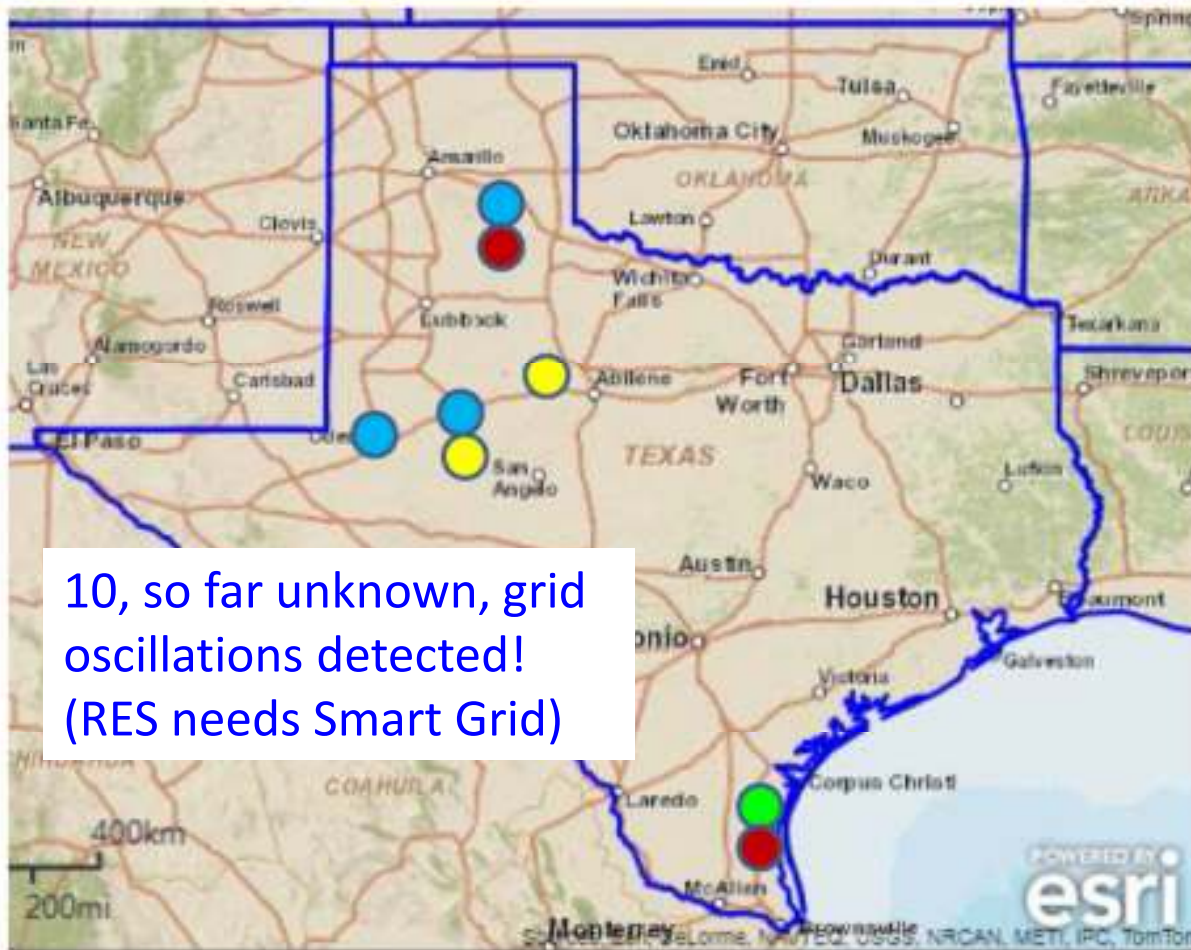


Example: impact earthquake

Mexico, 21 April 2013: loss of 1.4 GW production due to earthquake



Example 2: Grid oscillations



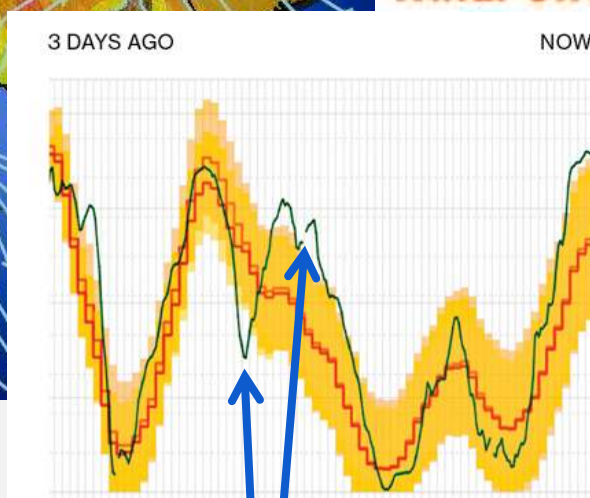
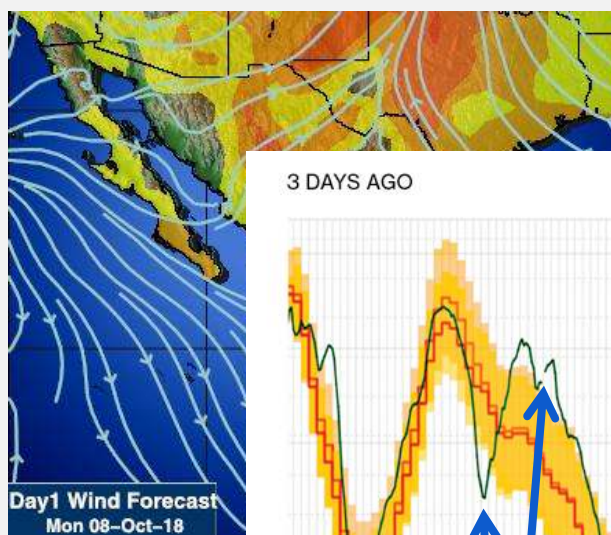
10, so far unknown, grid oscillations detected!
(RES needs Smart Grid)

- 0.9Hz, 2.7Hz – Wind production Related
- 5.0Hz – Control Systems
- 5.4Hz, 6.0Hz – Control Systems
- 3.2Hz, 1.5Hz, 2Hz – Control Settings

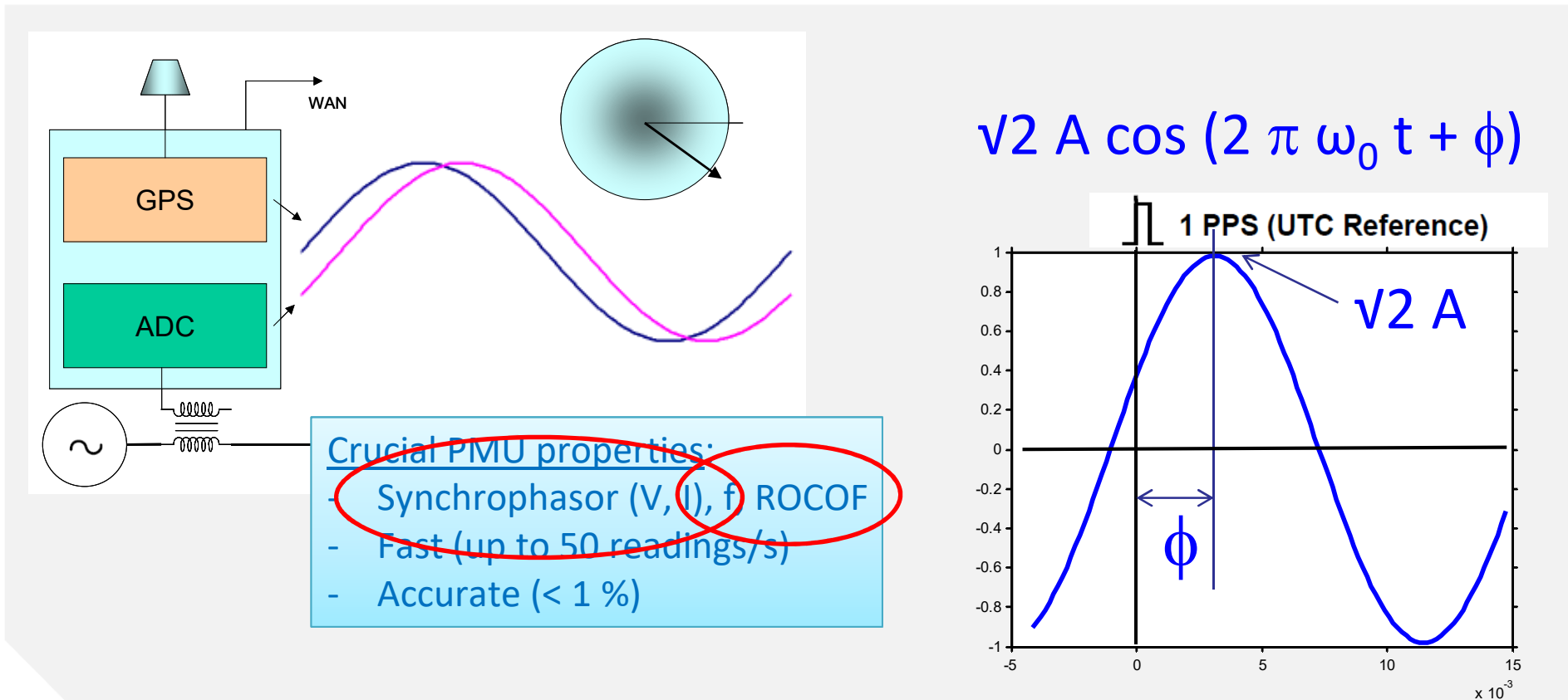
Courtesy: Bill Blevin (ERCOT) et.al: NASPI 2015 March meeting

Grid frequency stability

Smart Grid Challenge: maintain grid stability with large, not fully predictable variations in production by Renewable Energy Sources *and at the same time* smaller grid inertia



Adjust demand to available production



A synchronphasor represents the AC grid signal (magnitude **A** and phase angle ϕ) referenced to the 1 pps UTC

Courtesy Ken Martin

US / CA blackout 2003



Courtesy
NIST



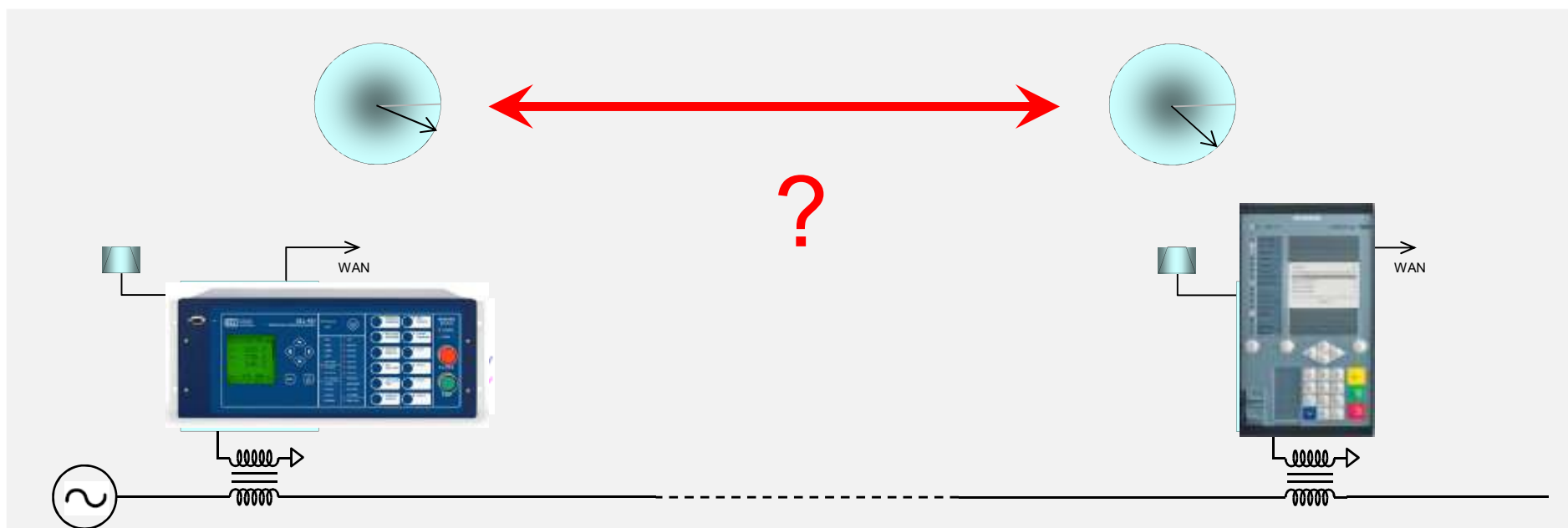
Impact:

The blackout affected an estimated 10 million people in Ontario and 45 million people in eight U.S. states (cost: \$ 6 billion, > 11 deaths)

Power System Outage Task Force Report:

"A valuable lesson is the importance of having time-synchronized system data recorders. The Task Force's investigators labored over thousands of data items to determine the sequence of events, much like putting together small pieces of a very large puzzle. That process would have been significantly faster and easier if there had been wider use of synchronized data recording devices..."

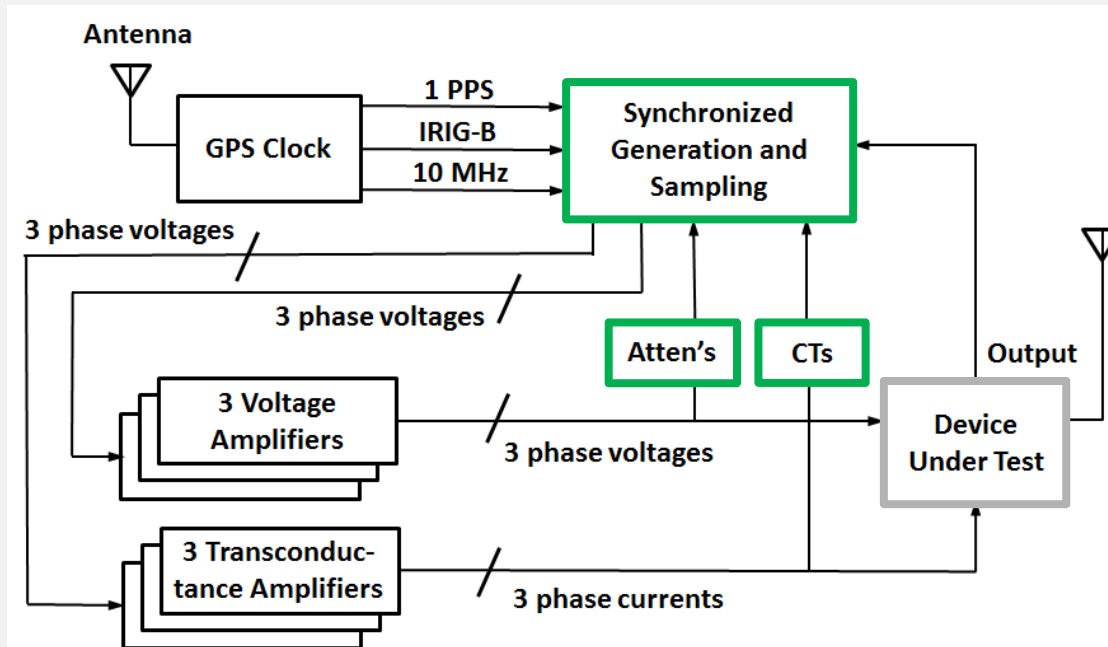
PMU grid monitoring



Reliability required \Rightarrow comparability of data and interchangeability of equipment (interoperability)

PMU test / calibration setup

Courtesy NIST



Traceability: $\ll 1\%$ ($26.5 \mu\text{s}$)
 Amplitude (V, I)
 Time (t)
 Challenge: $< 0.01\%$ (100 ns)



IEEE STANDARDS ASSOCIATION

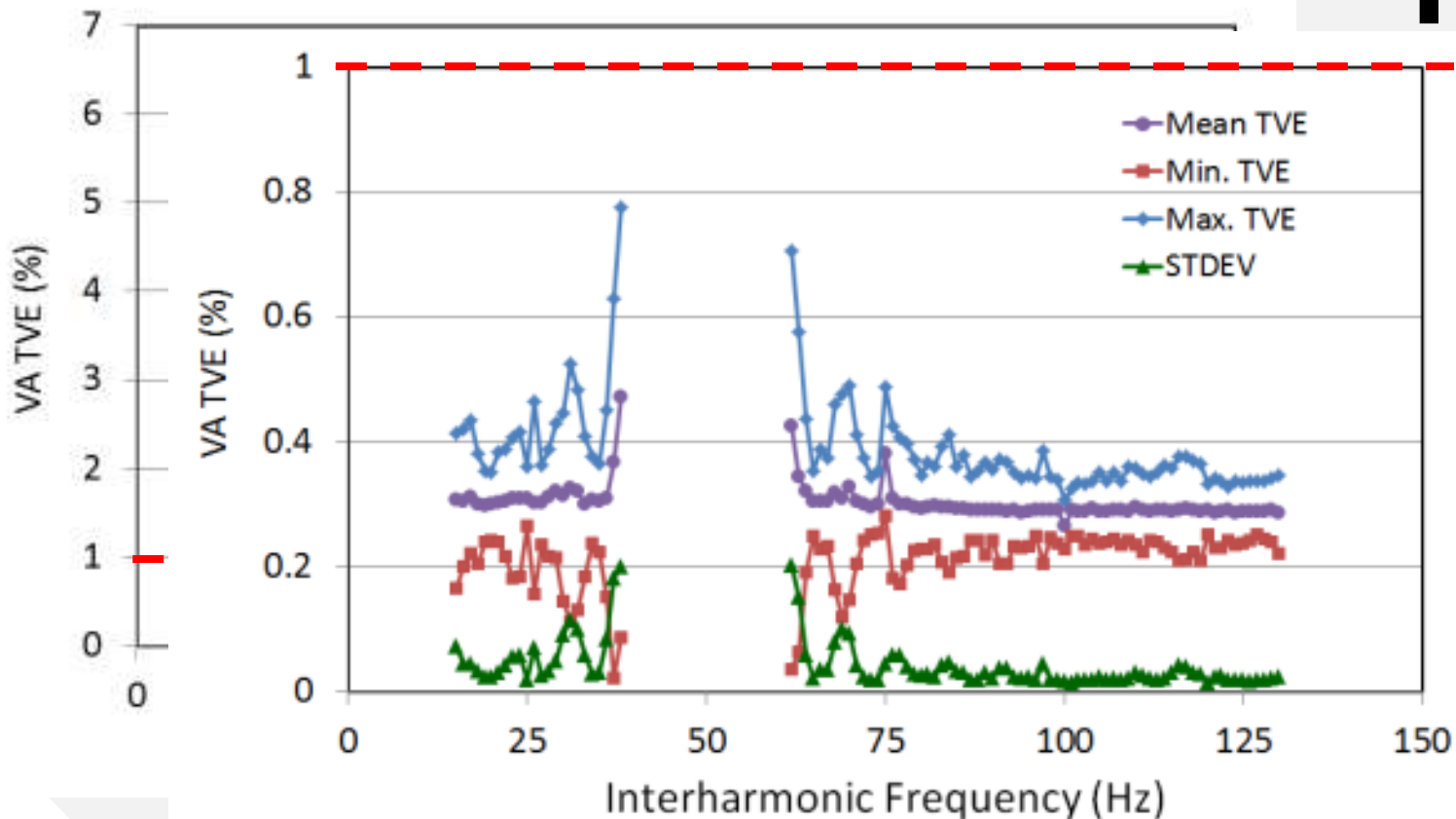
IEEE

IEEE C37.118.1

IEEE Standard for Synchrophasor Measurements for Power Systems

NASPI North American SynchroPhasor Initiative

PMU interharmonic test



Patient: heart beat



Where to put
the sensor?

Grid sensor location

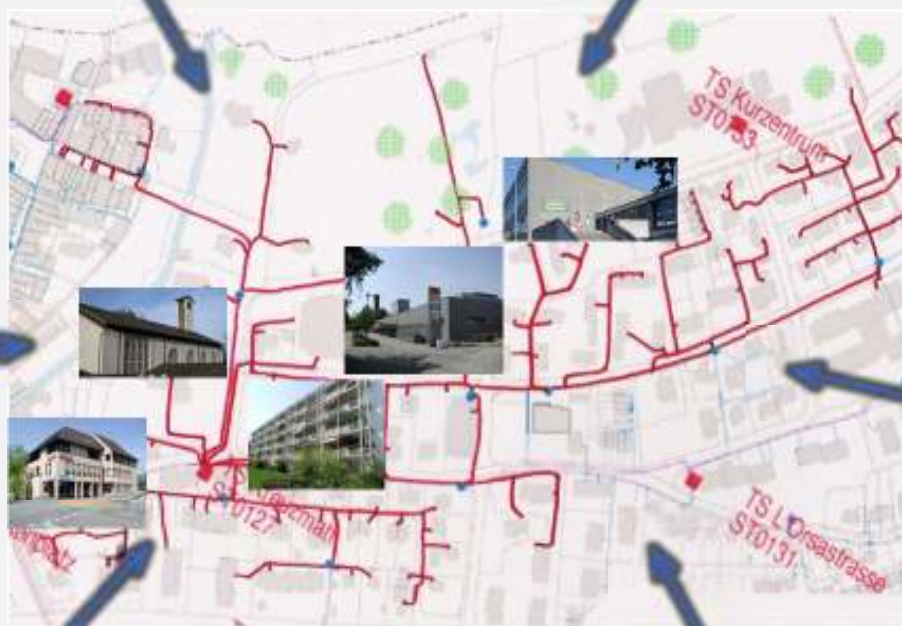
Solar PV,
Fuel Cells,
Biogas,
Natural Gas,
 μ -gasturbine

How to handle
flood of data?

Which sensors
can be removed?

How many
sensors are
needed?

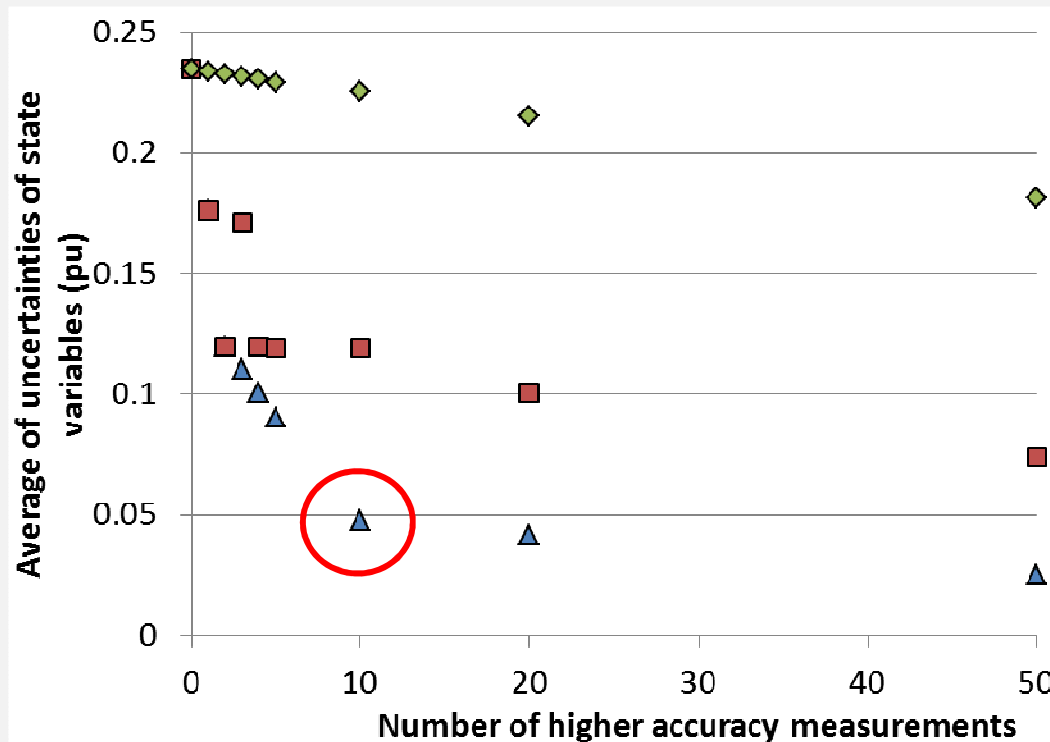
What happens
if a given
sensor fails?



Estimate unknown
Cable impedances

How accurate should
a given sensor be?

Optimal sensor locations



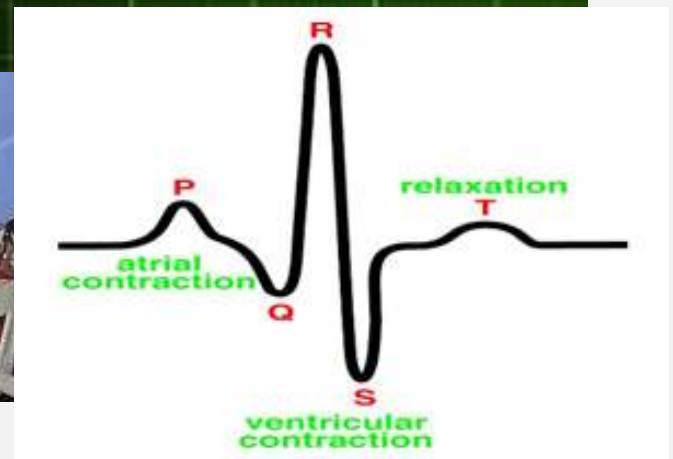
← Average of 1000 random trials

← Minimum of 1000 random trials

← Optimum choice

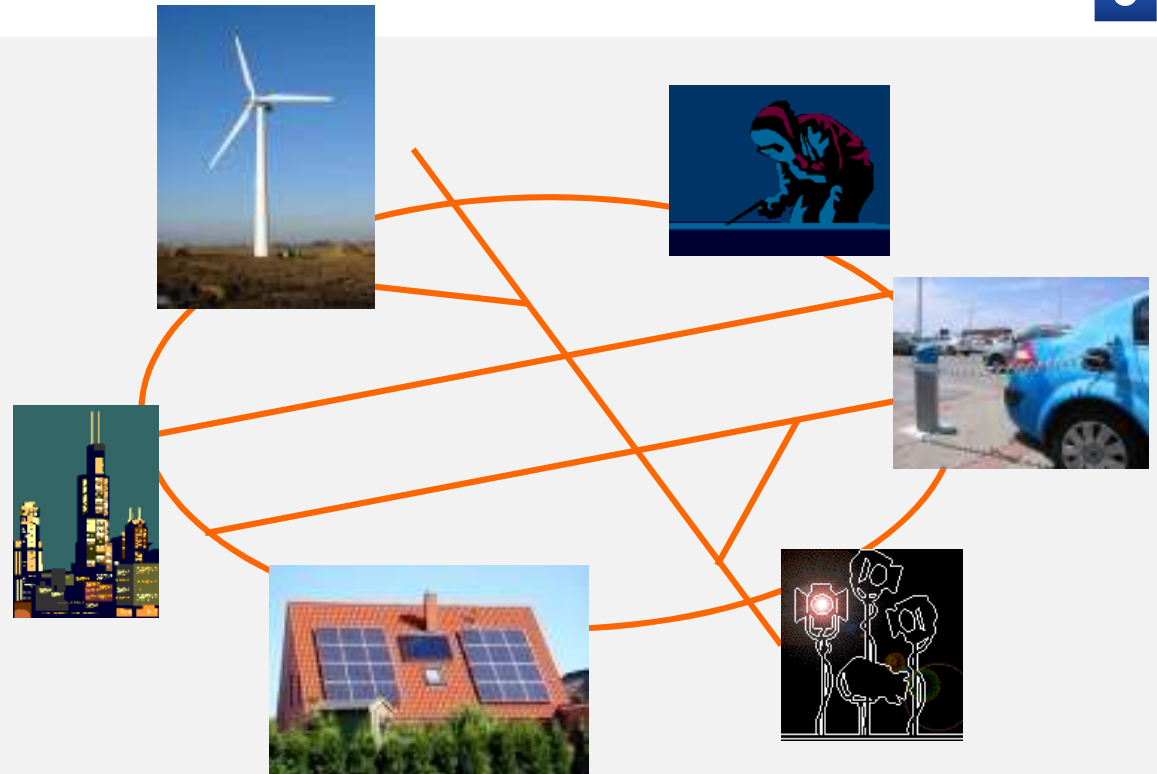
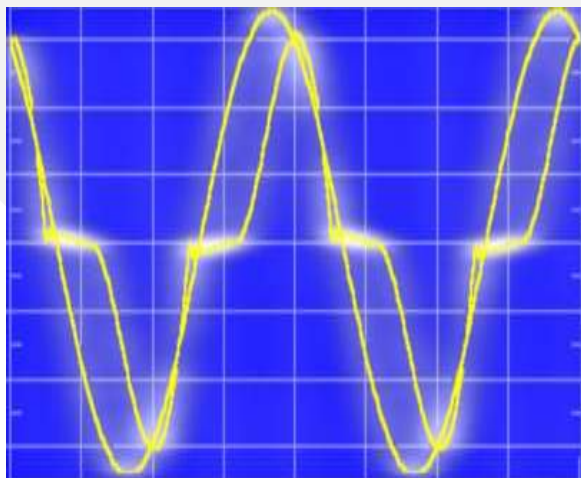
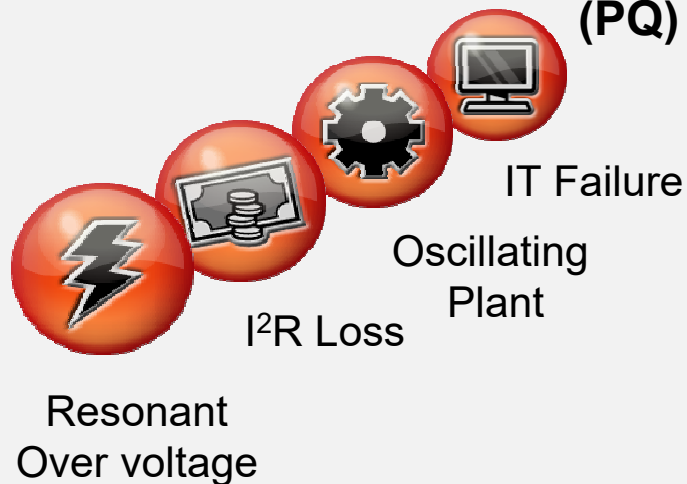
⇒ Already with measurements on 10 out of 77 grid buses, grid state variables can be determined with < 5 % uncertainty

Patient: heart beat quality



Grid Heart Beat Quality (PQ)

Price of poor Power Quality (PQ)



Study (Leonardo institute):

“PQ costs in Europe are responsible for serious reduction in industrial performance with an economic impact exceeding € 150 billion / year”

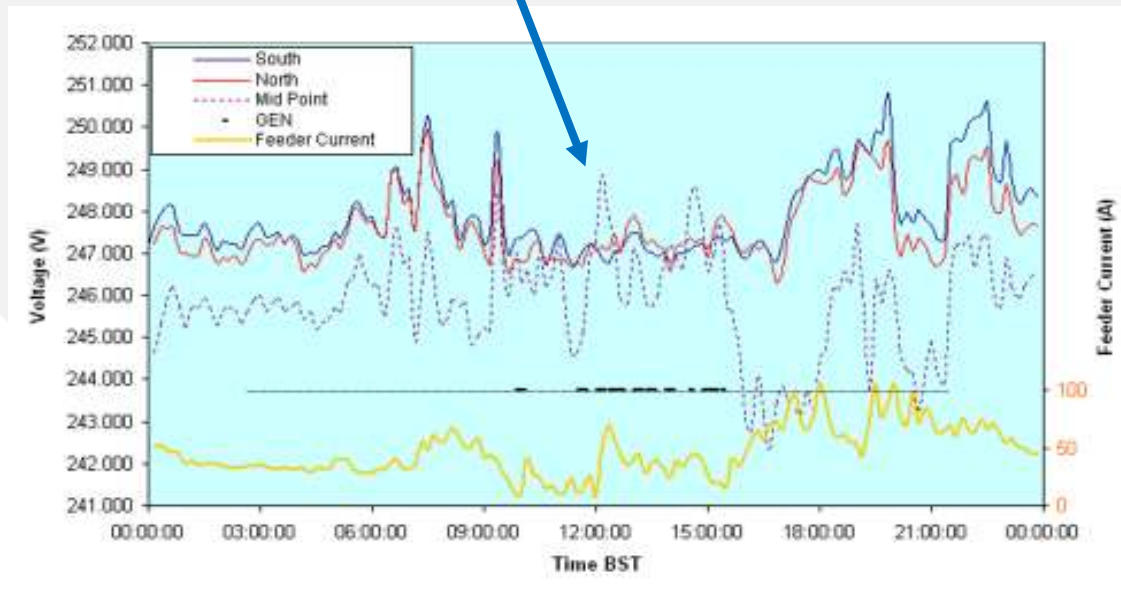
⇒ Fines on causing bad PQ!

Solar PV retro-fitted housing estate
 DNO interested in transients,
 surges, flicker, harmonics
 ⇒ on-site ≠ lab!

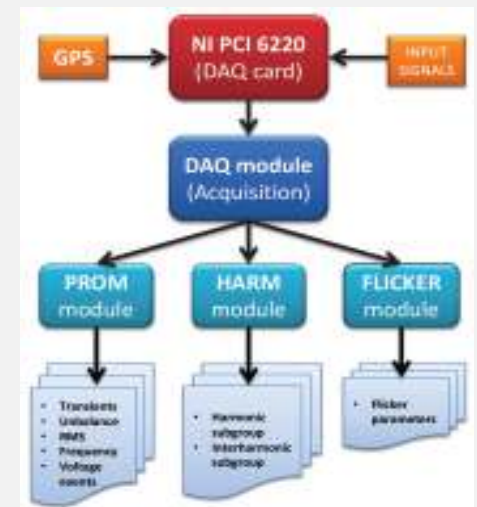


NPL

V rise during PV generation



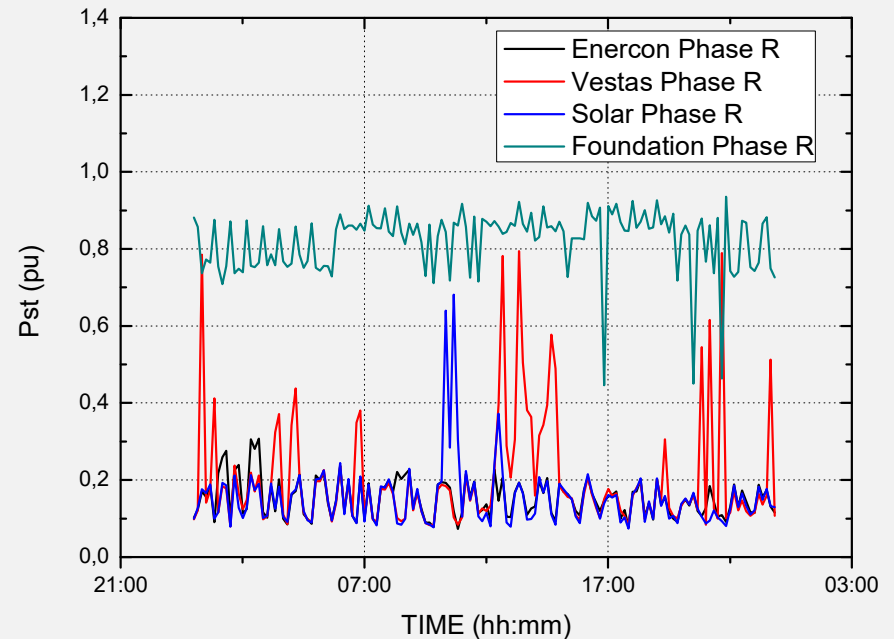
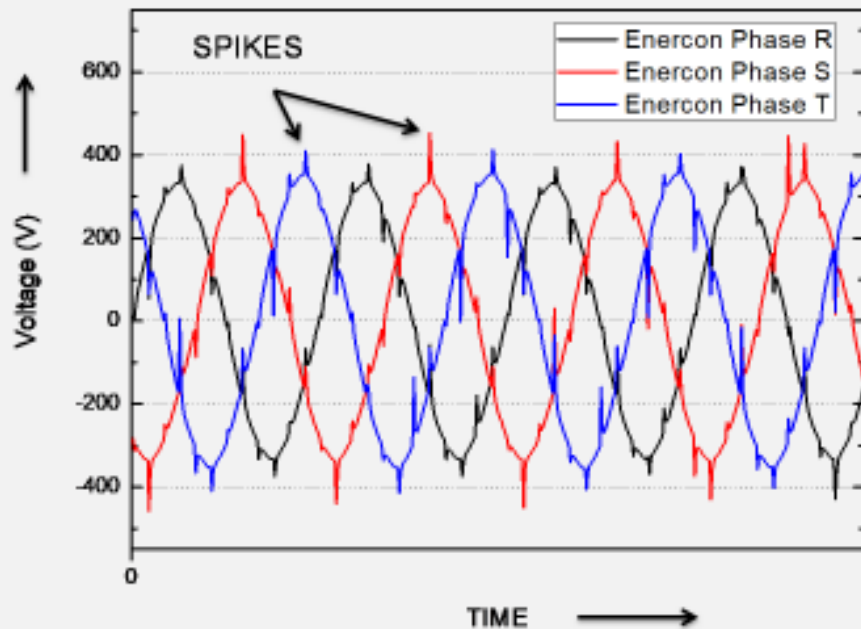
Grid PQ – industry park



250 variables
every 200 ms
⇒ 2 TB of data

Industry park PQ results

Old windmill major cause of bad PQ

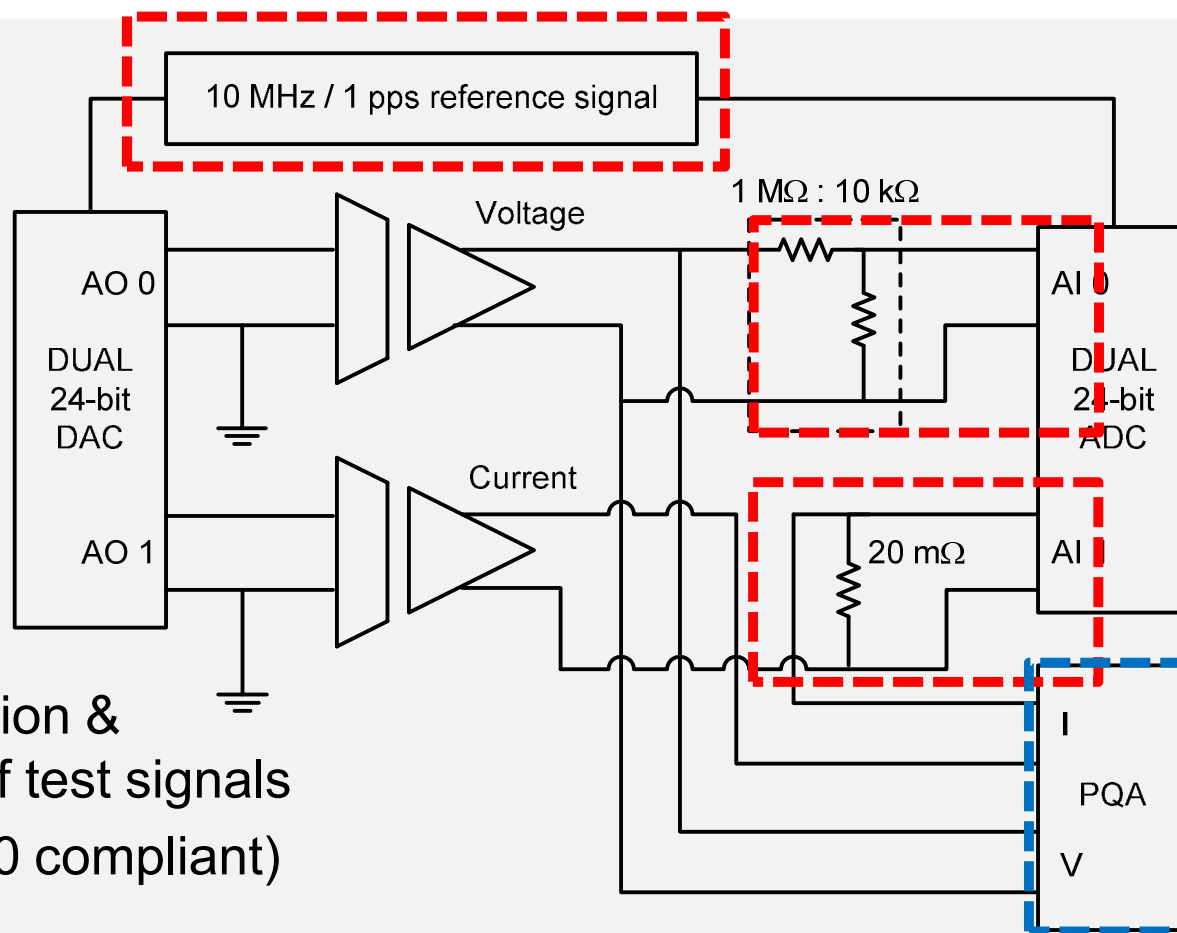


Future research: PQ propagation / source location in extended grids (fines!)

➡ Synchronised PQ at multiple sites in the grid



PQ calibration setup



Parallel generation & measurement of test signals
(IEC 61000-4-30 compliant)

Reference ideally 5 – 10 times more accurate than PQ analyser
 ⇒ VSL PQ reference setup: amplitude 0.01 %, timing < 1 μs

Measurements in perspective

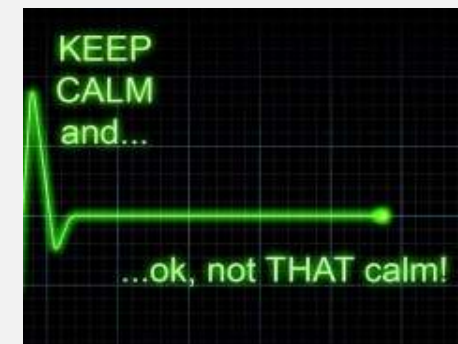


$f = 60$ beats/min

$f = 0$ beats/min

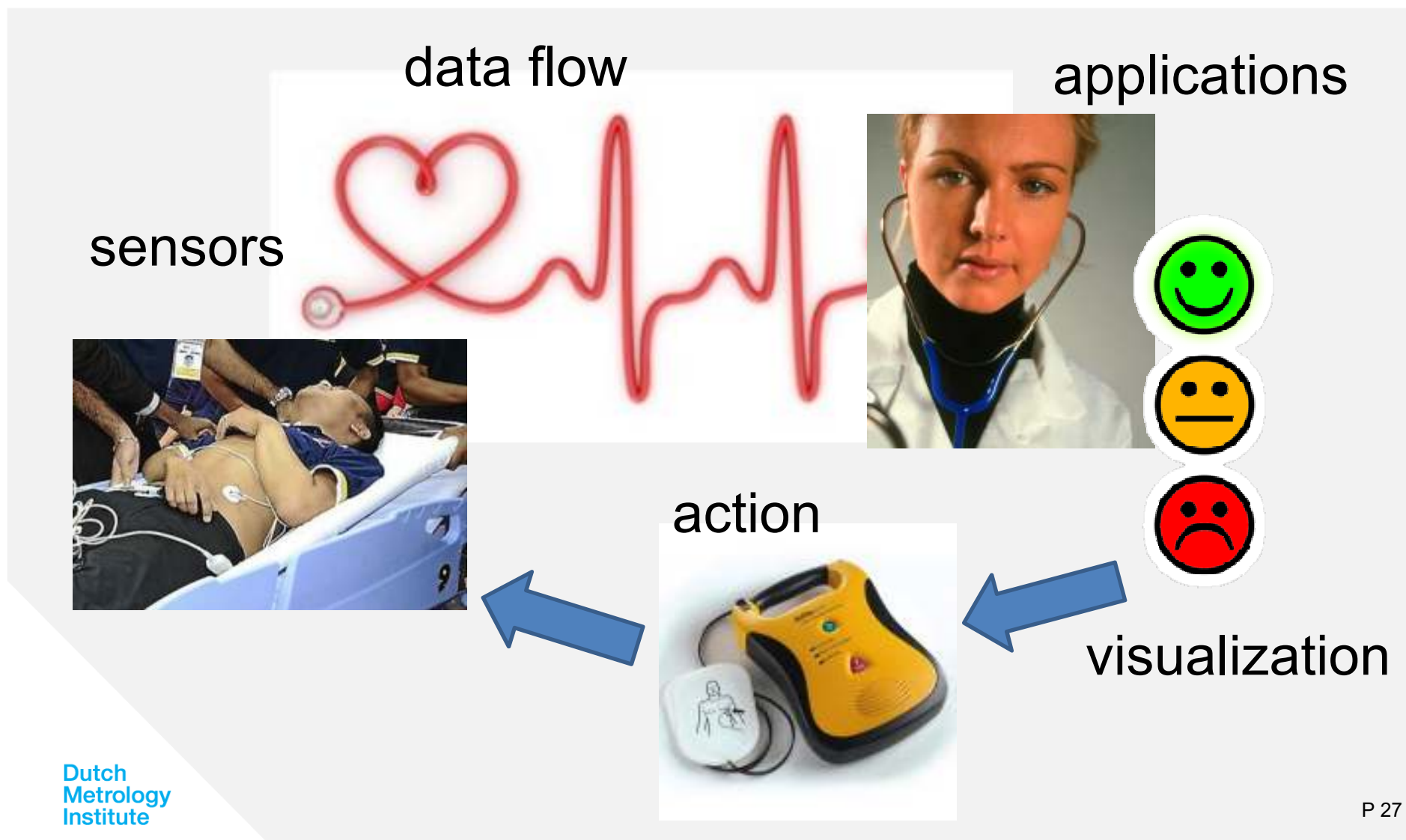


patient died



We need
actionable information!

The bigger picture



Summary

Electricity grids are key infrastructure of our society, at the same time facing major challenges (Energy Transition)

⇒ *Metrology can make crucial contribution to support quality and security of supply, and ensure higher efficiency*



- Grid stability: frequency, oscillations, PMU calibration, PMU applications
- Sensing: best measurement locations, determine & predict grid state
- Power quality: on-site PQ campaigns, PQA calibration

